

Structured
Dialogue on
Financing the
UN-Women
Strategic Plan
2018-2021





## UN-Women Structured Dialogue on Financing 2017

### Trends to date:

- Growth of Regular Resources (core) and Other Resources (non core)
- Large non-DAC support (82 Member States)
- Acceleration of revenue from the private sector (doubled in 2016)
- Assessed contributions only = 0.3% of UN Regular Budget, which further burdens core
- Accelerated delivery rate and enhanced programmatic focus
  - resulting in greater scale for each outcome
- Growing a balanced portfolio
  - and proactively developing pipeline for each strategic priority
- A reasonably ambitious target for 2018-2019



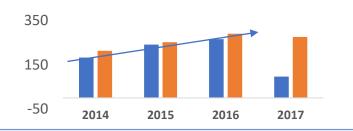
## UN-Women Structured Dialogue on Financing 2017

- A clear resource mobilization strategy based on segmentation and risk analysis
  - A clear roadmap to secure resources for the implementation of the new Strategic Plan
  - Accelerated diversification and support from the private sector
- Seeking sustained growth in Member States' support to ensure the integrity of the Strategic Plan
  - The leveraging ratio is high, which is positive and demonstrates UN-Women's ability to capitalize on the small amount of core resources it receives to mobilize large amounts
  - Sustainability requires sustained efforts in growing core in a context of limited assessed and core contributions for a triple mandate
  - A small shift would be impactful: The incremental rise from 2016 to 2019 to add 60 million to core resources represents only 0.2% of voluntary contributions to CEB agencies.



## **Tracking Resources and Impact**

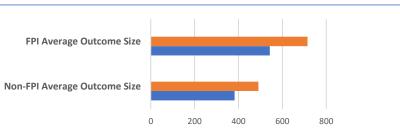
### 1. Stronger program delivery



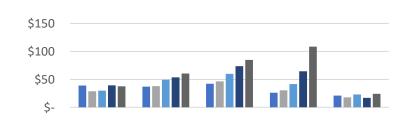
### 2. Enhanced program focus



# 3. FPI support to focused pipeline development

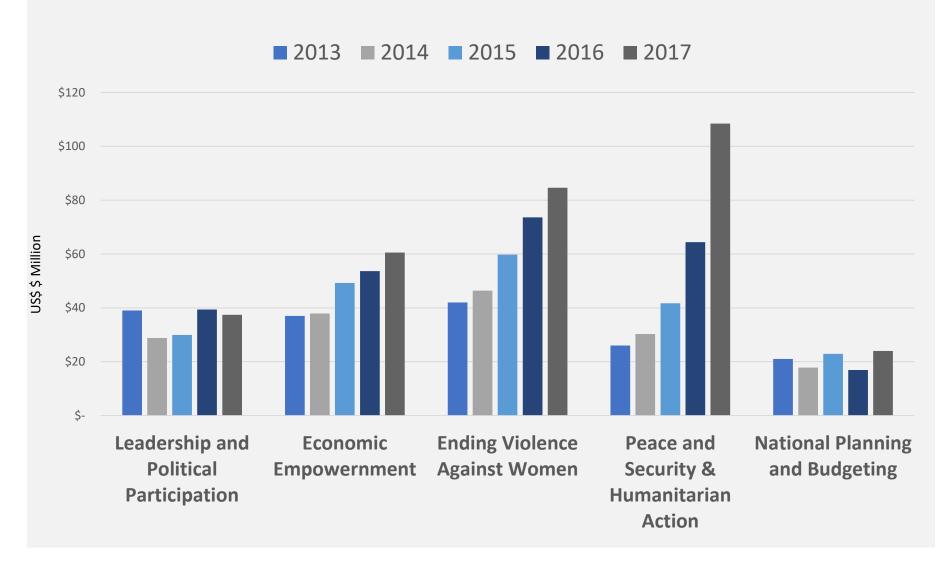


# 4. Growing a balanced portfolio





### **Growing a Balanced Portfolio 2013-2017**

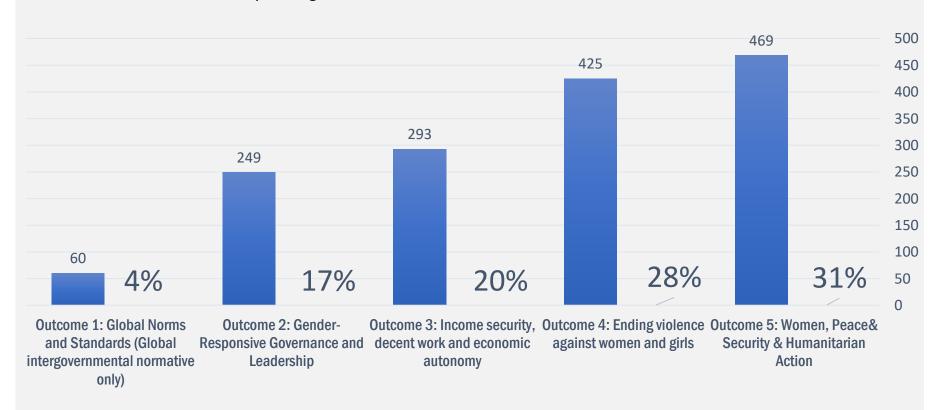




### **Integrated Results and Resource Framework**

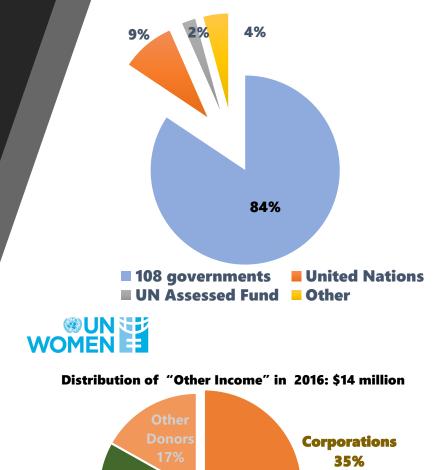
(by strategic outcome) 2018-2021

Voluntary and assessed contributions, over 4 years, in US\$ Million and % by strategic outcome

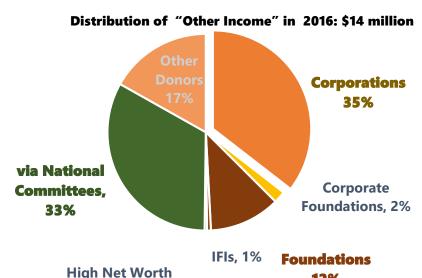


### **Overall Resources**

- **Between 2012 and 2016** revenue grew on average ±10% per year
- Regular Resources are underdimensioned, undermining also the capacity to tap new resources
- Most rapid growth: non traditional donors (Contributions from the private sector & National Committees doubled from 2% to 4% in 2016)
- **Significant Other Resources** from joint programs



Sources of Total Income in 2016: US\$ 327.3 Million



Individuals < 1%

12%

## Regular Resources

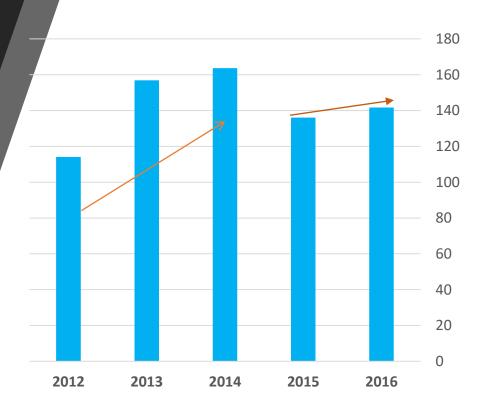
Sustained growth – the fastest of sister agencies – albeit from a low base

Regular Resources (core) have grown 24% between 2012-2016

In 2016, 43 Member States increased their core support, with 21 countries doubling or more than doubling their core contributions

However, the pace of Regular Resources (core) growth remains the slowest of all revenue sources (except assessed contributions)

Regular Resources - in USD Millions





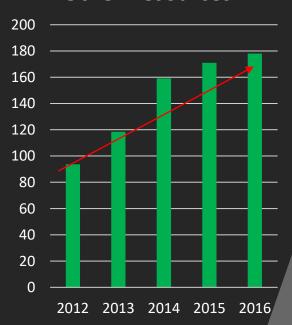
As with all sister agencies, 2015 saw a drop in Regular Resources, with growth resuming slowly in 2016.

### **Other Resources**

The growth of Other Resources has outpaced growth in Regular Resources.

Sustained growth since 2012: contributions have almost doubled since 2012.

#### **Other Resources**

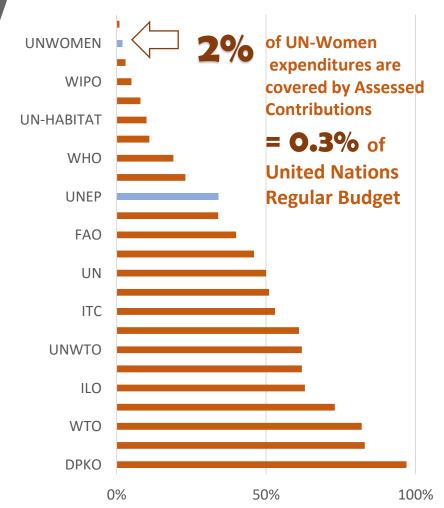




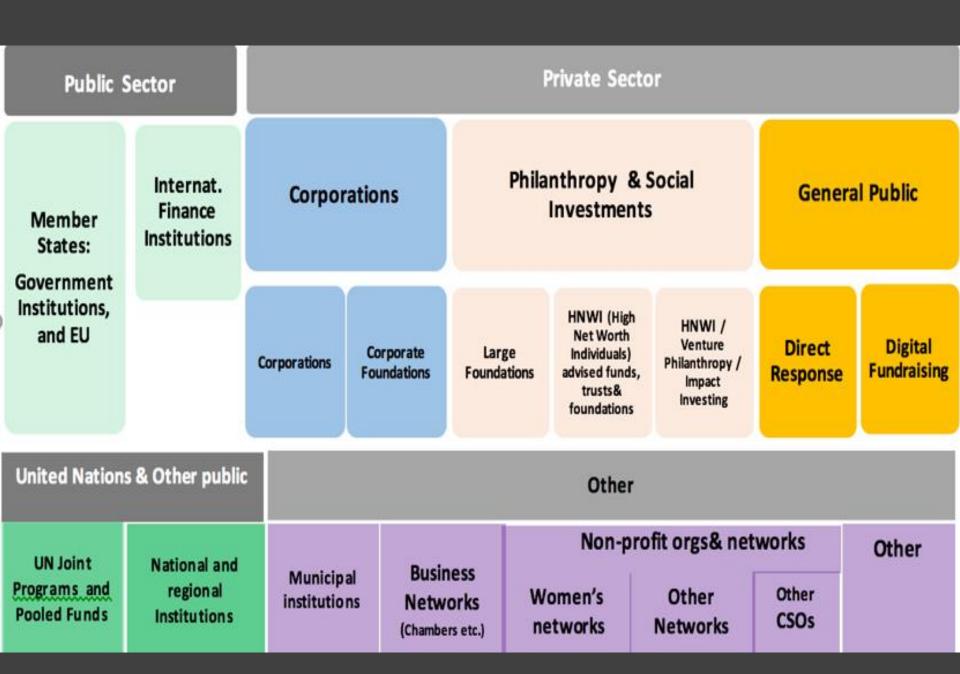
### **Assessed Contributions**

Assessed contributions represent only +/- 2% of expenditures

Thus voluntary contributions help fund normative intergovernmental and UN coordination processes.



### UN-Women Revenue Streams and Segments - current and future





2018-2021

# RAPID GROWTH OF PRIVATE SECTOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Building on solid track record, and expanding the engagement of corporations and large foundations, initiate engagement of high-net-worth individuals; and build a growing pool of general public support through digital giving and/or national committees.

### JOINT PROGRAMS TO CONTINUE TO GROW

Efforts will be sustained to deliver-as-one while delivery capacity is being strengthened, thus UN joint programmes and pooled funds will experience a faster pace of growth.

# CONTINUED PROGRESSIVE GROWTH OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM MEMBER STATES

Growth of RR and OR contributions from governments will remain progressive and is essential to the success of the Entity.

ANALYZED EACH INCOME SEGMENT

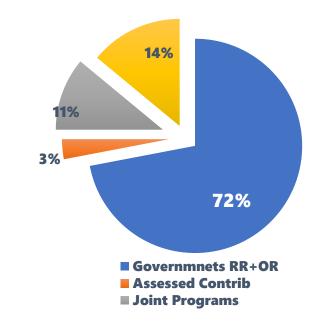
ASSESSED RISK AND OPPORTUNITIES DEFINED STRATEGIC PATH PER SEGMENT PLANNING
DIFFERENTIATED
GROWTH AMONG
INCOME SEGMENT

DEVELOPING NEW/BETTER FUNDRAISING INSTRUMENTS

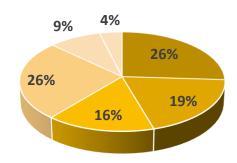
## **End State**

# **Evolution of income to 2021**

- Funding mix improved as Member States' regular and other resource contributions evolve from 84% to 72% of overall income.
- A larger share of private sector (from 4% to 14%)
- A healthy share of joint programs (from 9% to 11%)







- Corporations & Coprorate Foundations
- Large Foundations
- High Net Worth Inviduals, Small Foundations and Trusts
- National Committees and General Public
- Other



## What will it take?

**Current Core Gap < 60 M/year** 

Shift needed < 0.2% of voluntary contributions to CEB UN Agencies

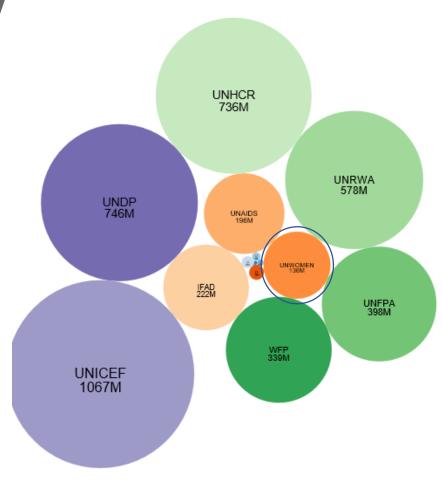
Or 1.3% of core voluntary contributions to these agencies

A small shift would have great impact

#### **UN-Women:**

CORE TARGET 2018-2019: 200 Million CORE CONTRIBUTIONS 2016: 142 Million

#### CEB AGENCIES VOLONTARY INCOME:





(CEB 2105 data)

Source: CEB 2015 data



## The Case for Core

### **Currently complement the excessively low Assessed Contributions**

• the GA noted with concern that UN-Women has to draw on voluntary contributions for normative intergovernmental and UN coordination processes

### Core contributions guarantee institutional capacity, allowing UN-Women to

- plan ahead, be responsive and strategic
- strengthen oversight, accountability and adaptive management
- advance UN system coherence and coordination
- leverage other resources to provide predictable financing

#### **Great leveraging ratio 1:4**

• demonstrates UN-Women's ability to capitalize on the small amount of core resources it gets to mobilize large amounts

## In Brief

A very reasonably ambitious target for 2018-2019, it is achievable with:

- 1) strategic diversification of income: fast growth from private sector and non traditional segments.
- 2) sustained support from Member States: continued pace of contributions growth +/- 9% per year



### Meanwhile, we will:

- (i) ensure balanced portfolio development in line with the Strategic Plan (i.e. accelerate pipeline development for women's political empowerment)
- (ii) further focus programs to achieve transformative results and reduce transaction costs; and
- (iii) continue investing in staff, partnership, business process and program information systems development to support delivery on time, on scope and on budget



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